

# Research Experiences for Teachers

## Comparison of circRNA from CML using TERRACE

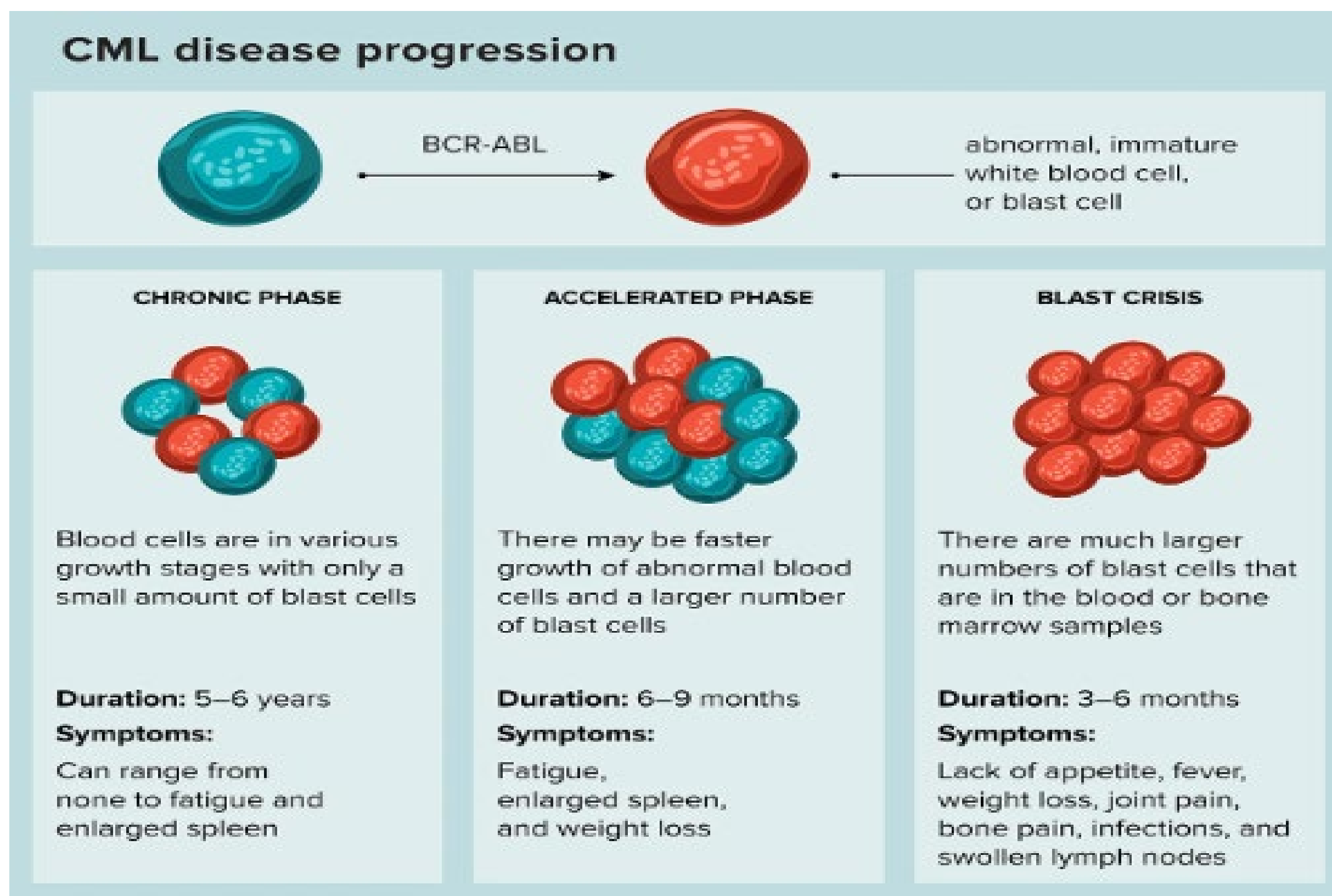
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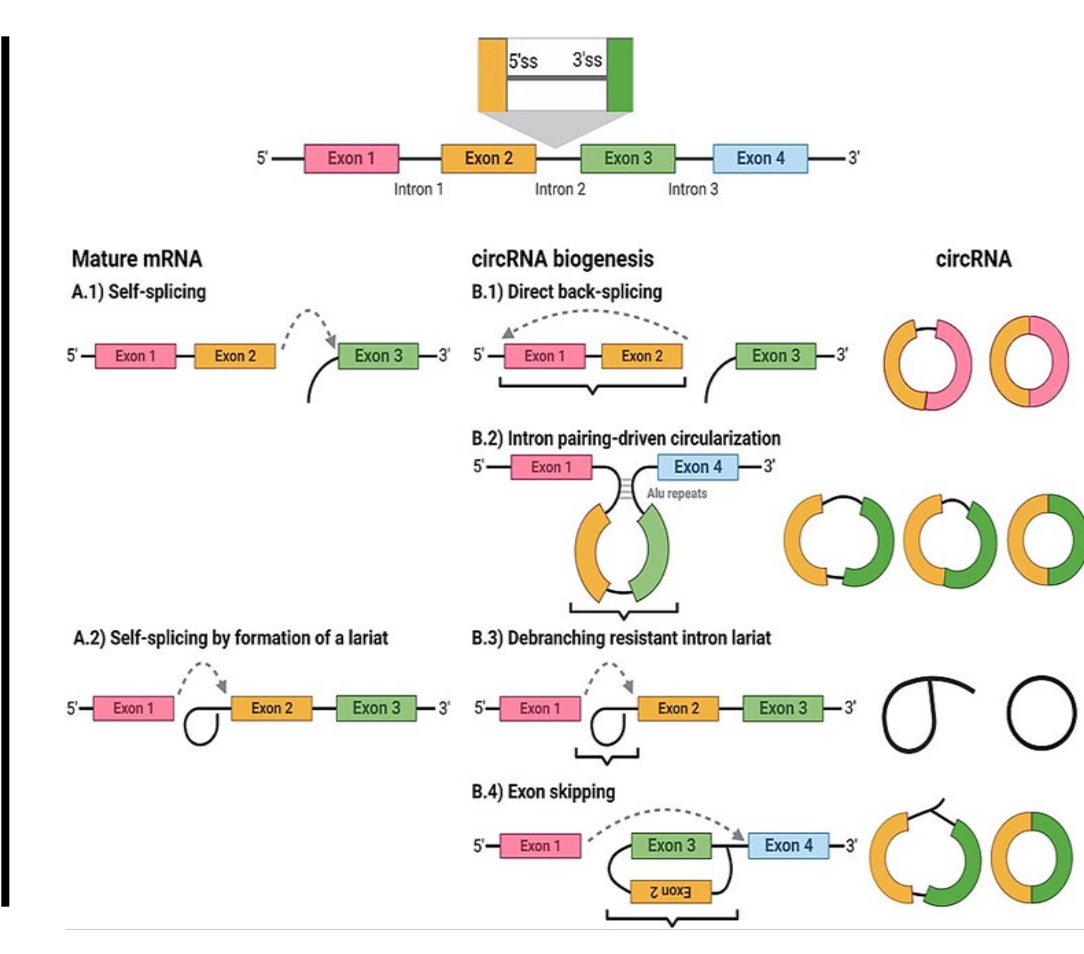
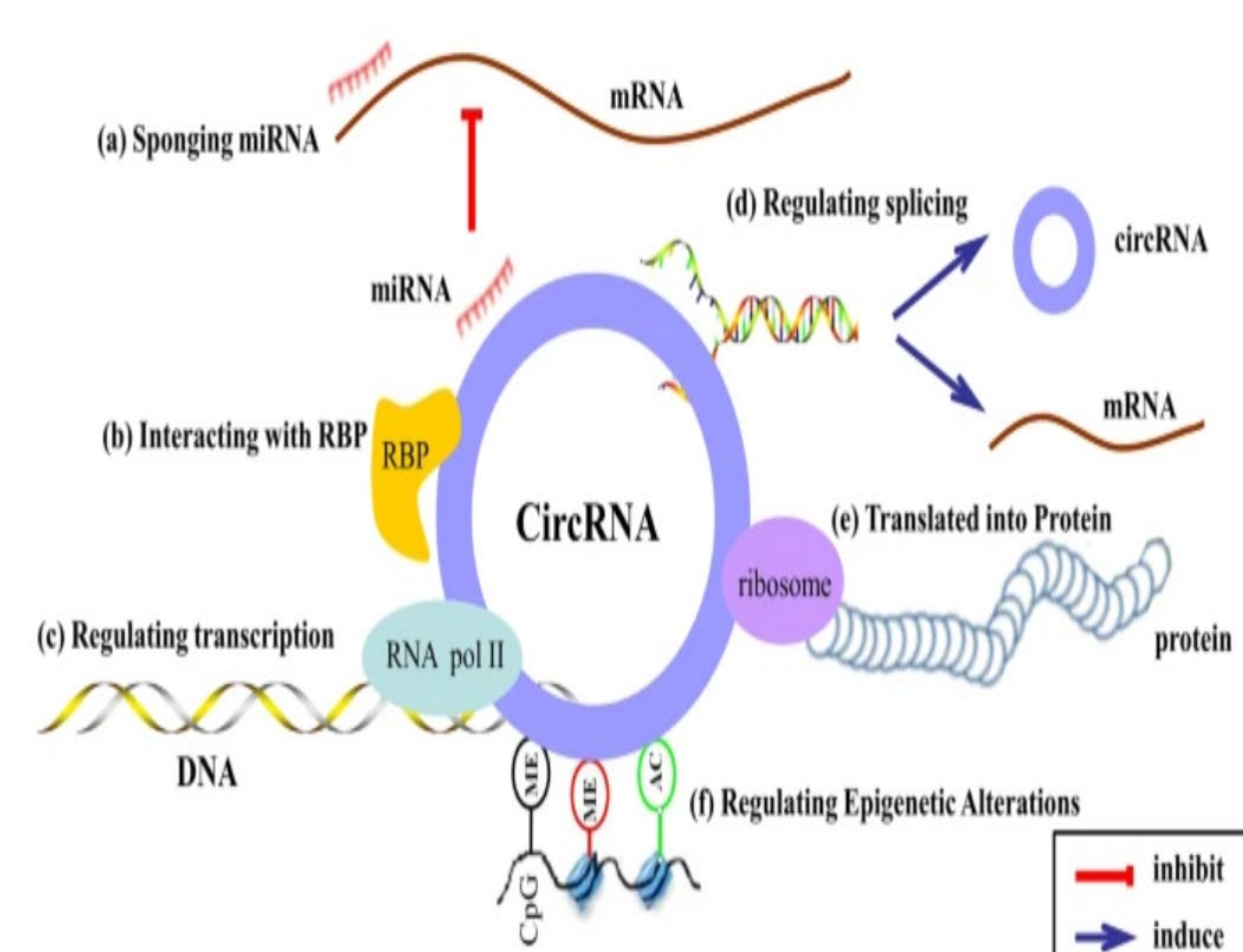
### Introduction

Scientists now can more accurately characterize a cell's functional behavior based on the genes it expresses. RNA sequencing (RNA-seq) allows for the identification and quantification of a cell's entire transcriptome. Many of these genes are alternatively spliced, producing both coding and noncoding variants that affect a cell's overall performance.

One potential application of this tool is in the field of oncology; particularly Chronic Myelogenous Leukemia (CML). The blood cancer's initial-chronic phase is often overlooked because patients rarely show any obvious symptoms. The typical signs of fatigue and achiness are more so associated with mid-advanced or late-blast phases where the prognosis is poorer and relapse is almost guaranteed.

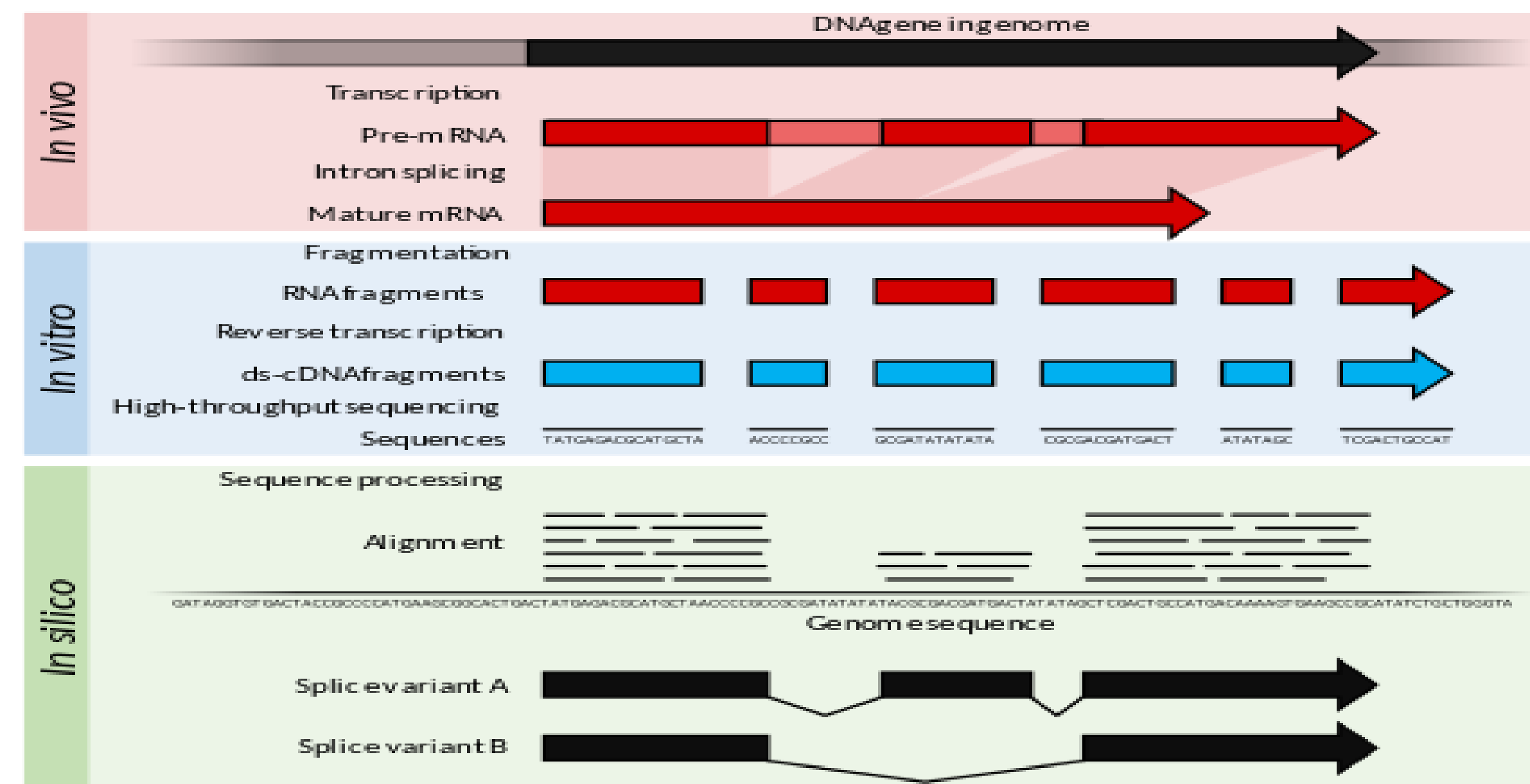


The ability to assay for an early-stage biomarker would improve treatments and one's chance for full recovery. The circular RNA (circRNA) is of interest because they are stable, long lasting and detectable via PCR amplification.



### Materials & Methods

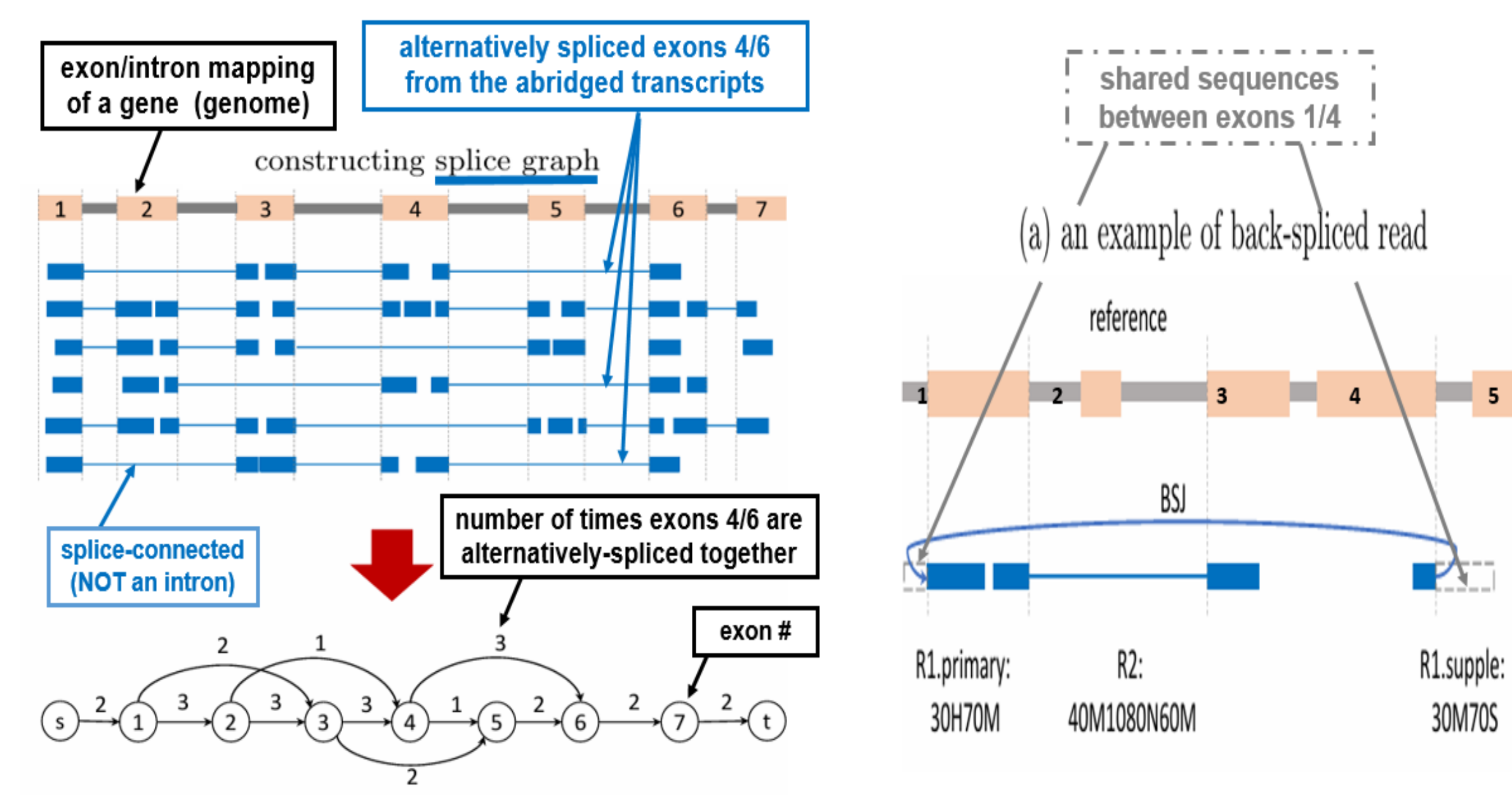
#### I. Single Cell RNA-seq Process



- 1 RNA extracted, RNA fragmented (<300bp)
  - 2 cDNA synthesized, amplified, sequenced (Illumina)
  - 3 RNA transcripts assembled against sequenced genome
  - 4 Computer model, "Accurate Assembly of CircRNAs Using Bridging and Machine Learning" (TERRACE), on Leukemia DB an established data-bank of sequenced, transcripts deposited by researchers from the CML community
- Output was compared with that of another commonly used model, CIRI-full to confirm reliability. A threshold of 20 sample counts, high score, and matching chromosomal loci between the two models' outputs, suggest that circRNA molecules identified were authentic

#### II. Identify host genes and circRNAs

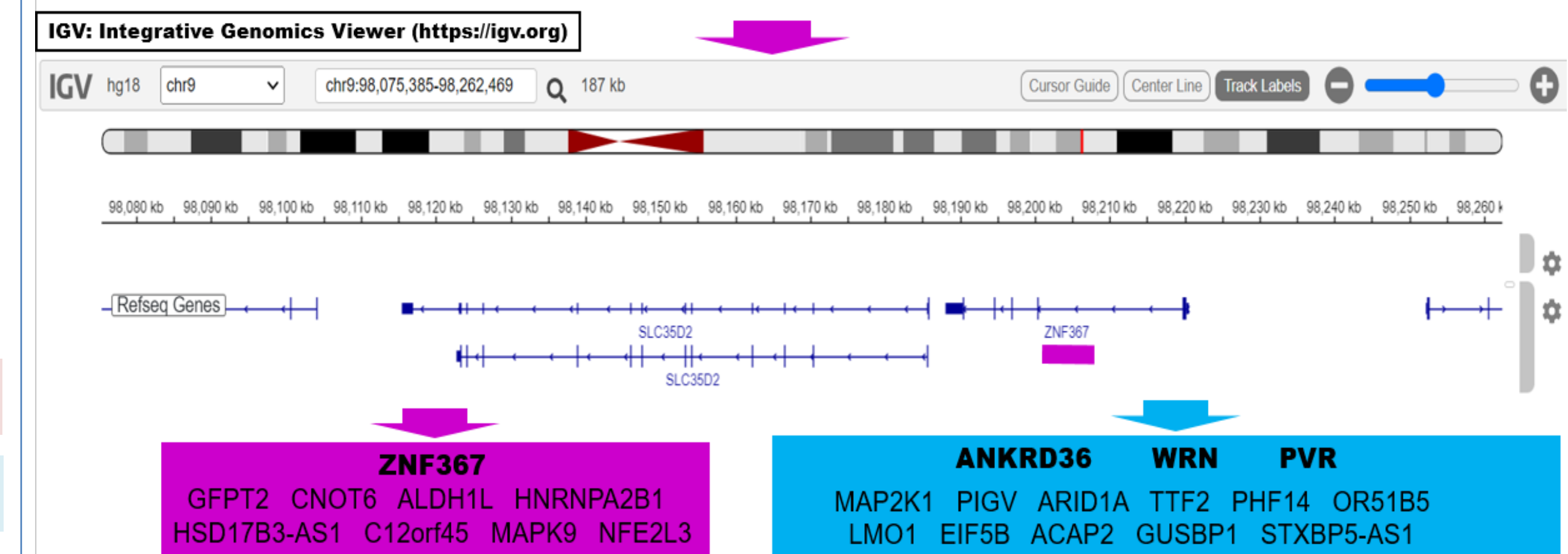
TERRACE accurately assembles circRNAs via recognition of back-spliced reads, represented by overlapping sequences, shared ALU elements between distanced exons



### Results

TERRACE's output was compared with a commonly used model, CIRI-full to confirm reliability. A threshold of 20 sample counts, high score, and matching chromosomal loci between the two models' outputs, suggest that circRNA molecules identified were authentic

chr	src	feature	start	end	score	s-count	chr	src	feature	start	end	score	s-count
9	CIRI-full	circRNA	98,011,285	98,011,389	38	30	9	TERRACE	circRNA	98,011,271	98,012,472	140	70
9	CIRI-full	exon	98,011,285	98,011,389	38	30	9	TERRACE	exon	98,011,271	98,011,389	140	70
9	CIRI-full	circRNA	98,011,289	98,012,472	153	26	9	TERRACE	exon	98,012,421	98,012,472	140	70



### Conclusions

TERRACE RNA-seq assembly demonstrated great sensitivity and reliability in identifying 23 circRNAs, from CML line, K562

At >20 sample counts threshold, nine circRNA were shared with CIRI-full with four being documented in the literature

CML-specific circRNAs (ZNF367, ANKRD36, WRN, PVR) were identified and their host genes confirmed in the literature, making them strong candidates as potential biomarkers

### Future Work

Further characterize host gene-derived circRNA molecules (ZNF367, ANKRD36, WRN, PVR) in order to determine specific phase and possible causal role in CML progression

Supplement TERRACE assembly-identification of CML-specific circRNA with earlier computer model, SCALLOP-LR, identifying linear coding or noncoding transcripts to confirm specific CML-phases (e.g., Philadelphia chromosome)

Develop primers and optimize PCR amplification of circRNA molecules (ZNF367, ANKRD36, WRN, PVR) as a reliable assay for biomarkers in CML phase detection

### References

Zahin, Shi, Zang, Shao Accurate Assembly of Circular RNAs with TERRACE bioRxiv preprint Feb 2024 <https://doi.org/10.1101/2024.02.09.579380>

Mei Luo, A comprehensive landscape of transcription profiles and data resources for human leukemia Blood Advances 25 JULY 2023 • VOL 7, No 14

Li Q, Ren X, Wang Y. 2023. CircRNA: a rising star in leukemia. PeerJ 11:e15577